## AMENDMENTS

 (currently amended) A system for scan converting ultrasound data from an twodimensional acquisition format to a two-dimensional display format, the system comprising:

a look-up table having values corresponding to a spatial conversion from the twodimensional display format to the two-dimensional-acquisition format; and

a processor operableconfigured to identify acquired ultrasound data as a function of the values and operable to interpolate display values from the identified acquired ultrasound data, wherein the processor is operableconfigured to avoid scan-conversion of volume data that does not contribute to a final volume rendered image, the identifying corresponding to identifying for display format coordinates associated with visible voxels of the final volume rendered image.

- (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the values comprise Polar coordinates, the look-up table entries indexed by integer Cartesian coordinates and wherein the processor is operable to bilinearly interpolate from the look-up table values using fractional offsets of Cartesian coordinates.
- (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the processor is operable to determine display coordinates of interest and identify the acquired ultrasound data by inputting the display coordinates of interest into the look-up table.
- 4. (original) The system of Claim 3 wherein the acquired ultrasound data represents a volume in the acquisition format, wherein the processor is operable to determine display coordinates for a plane through the volume as the display coordinates of interest;

further comprising a display operable to display a two-dimensional image representing the plane in the display format with the display values.

5. (original) The system of Claim 3 wherein the acquired ultrasound data represents a volume in the acquisition format, wherein the processor is operable to determine display coordinates for a plurality of rays through the volume as the display coordinates of interest;

further comprising a display operable to display a two-dimensional image of a Volume Rendering of at least a portion of the volume in the display format with the display values.

- 6. (original) The system of Claim 5 wherein each of the display values is a function of an alpha blending of a plurality of acquired ultrasound data values and wherein the processor is operable to limit a number of acquired ultrasound data values blended as a function of a threshold such that scan conversion of other acquired ultrasound data values is avoided.
- (original) The system of Claim 1 further comprising an RGBA look-up table addressed by the display values, the RGBA look-up table operable to output an RGBA value corresponding to the display value.
- (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the acquired ultrasound data comprises data associated with acquisition by a wobbler transducer array, wherein the values of the look-up table include corrections for shear distortion.
- (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the look-up table values correspond to the spatial conversion from the display format to the acquisition format for at least one acquisition plane;

further comprising an additional look-up table corresponding to spatial conversion from the display format to the acquisition format across multiple acquisition planes.

10. (previously presented) A system for scan converting ultrasound data from an acquisition format to a display format, the system comprising:

a look-up table having values corresponding to a spatial conversion from the display format to the acquisition format; and

a processor operable to identify acquired ultrasound data as a function of the values and operable to interpolate display values from the identified acquired ultrasound data:

wherein the acquired ultrasound data represents a plurality of scan planes, the acquired ultrasound data of each scan plane in a Cartesian coordinate format, each of the scan planes positioned in the volume in a Polar coordinate format, where the look-up table values correspond to the spatial conversion from the Cartesian coordinate format to the Polar coordinate format relative to the scan plane positions in the volume.

- 11. (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the processor comprises a graphics processing unit.
- 12. (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the look-up table values each comprise a set of two fixed-point values, one Boolean Flag, and one Integer Sum, the two fixed-point values being Polar coordinates.
- 13. (original) The system of claim 12 wherein the Boolean Flag indicates whether the set corresponds to a location outside of scanned region.
- 14. (currently amended) A method for scan conversion of ultrasound data from an acquisition format to a display format, the method comprising:
- identifying acquisition format coordinates with display format coordinates indexed to a look-up table of a memory;
- (b) interpolating, by a processor, acquisition format coordinates stored in the lookup table; and
- interpolating display values from acquired ultrasound data representing a
  patient and based on the acquisition format coordinates determined in (b);

wherein (a), (b), and (c) comprise avoiding scan-conversion of volume data that does not contribute to a final volume rendered image, the identifying of (a) corresponding to identifying for the display format coordinates associated with visible voxels of the final volume rendered image.

- 15. (original) The method of Claim 14 wherein (a) comprises:
  - (a1) inputting Cartesian coordinates into the look-up table; and
- (a2) outputting Polar coordinates interpolated from the look-up table in response to(a1).
- 16. (original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
- (d) determining display coordinates of interest;
   wherein (a) comprises inputting the display coordinates of interest into the look-up table.
- (original) The method of Claim 16 wherein the acquired ultrasound data represents a volume in the acquisition format;

wherein (d) comprises determining display coordinates for a plane through the volume as the display coordinates of interest; and

further comprising:

- (e) displaying a two-dimensional MPR image representing the plane in the display format as a function of the display values.
- 18. (original) The method of Claim 16 wherein the acquired ultrasound data represents a volume in the acquisition format;

wherein (d) comprises determining display coordinates for a plurality of rays through the volume as the display coordinates of interest; and

further comprising:

- (e) displaying a two-dimensional Volume Rendering of at least a portion of the volume in the display format as a function of the display values.
- (original) The method of Claim 18 wherein (e) comprises alpha blending a plurality of acquired ultrasound data values for each of the display values; and

further comprising:

- (f) limiting a number of acquired ultrasound data values blended in (e) as a function of a threshold; and
- (g) avoiding scan conversion of a plurality of acquired ultrasound data based on
   (f).
- 20. (original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
  - (d) inputting the display values into an RGBA look-up table; and
- (e) outputting RGBA values corresponding to the display values in response to
   (d).
- 21. (original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
- (d) acquiring the acquired ultrasound data with a wobbler transducer array; wherein (a) comprises correcting for shear associated with (d) as a function of the values of the look-up table.
- 22. (original) The method of Claim 14 wherein (a) comprises determining a spatial conversion from the display format to the acquisition format for at least one acquisition plane;

further comprising:

(d) spatially converting from the display format to the acquisition format across multiple acquisition planes with an additional look-up table.

- 23. (currently amended) A method for scan conversion of ultrasound data from an acquisition format to a display format, the method comprising:
- (a) identifying acquisition format coordinates with display format coordinates indexed to a look-up table of a memory;
  - (b) interpolating acquisition format coordinates stored in the look-up table; and
- (c) interpolating, by a processor, display values of an image from acquired ultrasound data representing a patient and based on the acquisition format coordinates determined in (b):

wherein the acquired ultrasound data represents a plurality of scan planes with the acquired ultrasound data of each scan plane in a Cartesian coordinate format and each of the scan planes positioned in the volume in a Polar coordinate format, wherein (a) comprises spatially converting from the Cartesian coordinate format to the Polar coordinate format relative to the scan plane positions in the volume.

- 24. (original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
- (d) generating the look-up table as a function of a spatial relationship of a display format with user configured acquisition parameters.
- 25. (original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
- identifying whether the acquisition format coordinates are outside of scanned region with the look-up table.
- 26. (original) The method of Claim 24 wherein (d) comprises generating a two-dimensional look-up table with acquisition format coordinates for each coordinate of a Cartesian volume.
- 27. (original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
  - (d) volume rendering as a function of the display values as a function of time.